## "TO LEAVE THE MEMORIES ABOUT YOURSELF IN THE WORLD": AUTOBIOGRAPHISM AS G. KUZNETSOVA'S ARTISTIC STRATEGY

Elena S. Annenkova, National Pedagogical Dragomanov University (Ukraine).

E-mail: aes.kyiv@gmail.com

DOI: 10.32342/2523-4463-2020-1-19-10

Key words: autobiographizm, autofictional story, autobiographeme, autobiographical modus.

In the article the autobiographical modus of G. Kuznetsova's creation, leading principles of art representation of autobiographical writer's "self" and the system of tricks, that are creating the specificity of her autobiographical narration, are analyzed; in addition to this, article concerns about the dominant forms of her prose, which in result of reproduction and replication in texts in different genre's nature acquires the status of autometadescriptive units, from which come autobiographical plot and autobiographical subject of G. Kuznetsova's prose.

The first quarter of the 20th century was marked by the impetuous development of memoir-autobiographical prose in Russian literature. This was due to profound changes in the socio-cultural life of society, a systematic "revaluation of values," a change in the way of knowing the world and the status of art, that is understood as the highest revelation, giving knowledge about the secrets of human existence. The memoir-autobiographical "boom" of the early 20th century enables literary scientists to talk about the pan-autobiographical nature of the work of many Russian writers, because "the attraction to autobiography in its various manifestations" (D. Maximov) became a peculiar sign of the modern era, stimulating interest in the subjective personality and personality problems. The hybrid genre of artistic autobiography was a significant part of the work of many leading writers of the early 20th century, it was especially pronounced in the artistic practices of Russian emigrant writers, among which G. Kuznetsova left her mark on the history of Russian literature.

G. Kuznetsova's lyrical talent and the situation of emigration, which required to maintain the spiritual culture of the nation and her own experience of her past life, naturally predetermined the writer's appeal to the subjective genres of intimate literature in which the author's element could be most expressively and fully manifested. Thus her famous "Grasse Diary", the autobiographical novel "Prologue" and the story "Artist", and the memoir essay "Friends" appeared as well as many lyrical and psychological stories.

It is important in connection with the complex nature of the autobiographical genre to determine the terminological concepts used in the article. Firstly, it is appropriate to note that the concept of auto-fiction, formulated by S. Dubrovsky, seems to be productive from a theoretical and practical point of view. It brings distinctness to the ambiguous notation of "hybrid" texts created on the border of factual and fictional discourses. Secondly, following M. Medaric, we should distinguish between autobiography as a literary genre and autobiography as a "stylistically marked device" that is result of the autobiographical intention intrinsic to the writer's creative mind.

G. Kuznetsova's literary texts of different genre nature contain a complex of repeating images, motifs and details, which, wandering from text to text, take the form of artistic regularity and form Kuznetsova's autobiographical life script. This scenario models her artistic world, saturated with dominant autobiographeme-concepts (beauty, music, loneliness, ineffability), autobiographeme-toposs (Kiev, Lavra, garden, south, sea), autobiographeme-emotions (sadness, melancholy, languor, suffering, dissatisfaction). G. Kuznetsova's story "The Artist", first published in 1995, is marked by autobiographical features, it comprehends and reinterprets the writer's life experience, and the author and protagonist's identities are assumed. At the same time, the stories collected by G. Kuznetsova in the book "Morning", published in 1930, with rare exceptions are not defined as autofictional, they were not created as autobiographical. Written in emigration and for emigrants, they talked about things that were well understood and close to everyone: about the Civil War, about the crash of the White Army and mass emigration, about the hardships of emigrant life in a foreign land. At the same time these stories explicate the transformation of the writer's life experience into artistic plots, motifs, and images, which together form the autobiographical code of the authoress that we can recognize by Kuznetsova's autofunctional and auto-documentary prose.

Thus, G. Kuznetsova's works contain potential possibilities for interpreting it as an autobiographical metatext, which can become bright and original component of the canon of autobiographical prose of Russian Émigré Literature.

## References

- 1. Averin, BV. Dar Mnemoziny: Romany Nabokova v kontekste russkoj avtobiograficheskoj tradicii [Mnemosyne`s Gift: Nabokov`s novels in a context of Russian autobiographical tradition]. Saint Petersburg, Amfora Publ., 2003, 402 p.
- 2. Boldyreva, E.M. Avtobiografizm i avtobiografiya: samokonstruirovanie i semiotizaciya subjekta [Autobiographism and autobiography: self-constructing and semiotisation of the person]. Yaroslavskiy pedagogicheskiy vestnik [Yaroslav] pedagogical bulletin], 2017, no. 4, pp. 242-251.

- 3. Bronskaya, L.I. Koncepciya lichnosti v avtobiograficheskoj proze russkogo zarubezh'ja pervoj poloviny XX veka (I.S. Shmelev, B.K. Zaytsev, M.A. Osorgin) [The concept of the person in autobiographical prose of Russian abroad of the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century (I.S. Shmelev, B.K. Zaytsev, M.A. Osorgin)]. Stavropol, Izdatel'stvo Stavropol'skogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta Publ., 2001, 120 p.
- 4. Gromova, A.V. Zhanr belletrizovannoj biografii v literature russkogo zarubezh'ja (proizvedenija B.K. Zajceva) [Fictionalized biography genre in the literature of Russian abroad (B.K. Zaytsev`s work)]. Vestnik Leningradskogo Gosudarstvennogo Universiteta imeni A.S. Pushkina [Bulletin of A.S. Pushkin Leningrad State University], 2008, no. 2 (12), pp. 48-58.
- 5. Kolobaeva L.A. *Svjaz' vremjon: Iosif Brodskij i Serebrjanyj Vek Russkoj Literatury* [Communication of times: Joseph Brodsky and a Siver Age of Russian literature]. *Vestnik Moskovskogo Universiteta. Serija 9: Filologija* [Moscow State University Bulletin. Series 9. Philology], 2002, no. 6, pp. 20-39.
- 6. Nikolina, N.A. *Pojetika russkoj avtobiograficheskoj prozy* [Poetics of Russian autobiographical prose]. Moscow, Flinta; Nauka Publ., 2002, 424 p.
- 7. Rubins, M.O. Russkij Monparnas. Parizhskaja proza 1920–1930 godov v kontekste transnacional 'nogo modernizma [Russian Montparnasse. The Parisian Prose of the 1920-1930<sup>th</sup> in a Context of Transnational Modernism]. Moscow, Novoe literaturnoe obozrenie Publ., 2017, 328 p.
- 8. Covelo, R. Thomas De Quincey in the Essays of Virginia Woolf: "Prose Poetry" and the Autobiographic Mode. *Journal of Modern Literature*, 2018, vol. 41, issue 4, pp. 31-47. DOI: 10.2979/imodelite.41.4.03.
- 9. Coca Mendez, B. The recurrent testimony of Jorge Semprun's concentrationary experience: To give voice to silence and word. *Quaderns de Filologia-Estudis Literaris*, 2016, vol. 21, pp. 39-52. DOI: 10.7203/qdfed.21.9333.
- 10. Guzzetti, B., Zammit, K. Men Writing Their Lives: Situating the Authoring Processes of Zinesters. *Journal of Language and Literacy Education*, 2019, vol. 15, issue 2, pp. 1-24.
- 11. Saburova, L.E. Music and Painting in the Autobiographical Prose of Eugenio Montale and Antonio Delfini (The Butterfly of Dina Rd, One Story). *Studia Litterarum*, 2019, vol. 4, issue 3, pp. 124-135. DOI: 10.22455/2500-4247-2019-4-3-124-135.
- 12. Beltran, A.C. The nowhere of global curriculum. *Curriculum Inquiry*, 2018, vol. 48, issue 3, pp. 273-292. DOI: 10.1080/03626784.2018.1474712.
- 13. Bunin, I.A. *Sobranie sochinenij: v 6 tomah* [Complete works: in 6 volumes]. Moscow, Hudozhestvennaya literatura Publ., 1987-1988.
  - 14. Kuznetsova, G. Prolog [Prologue]. Saint-Petersburg, "Mir" Publ., 2007, 327 p.
- 15. Kuznetsova, G. *Grasskij Dnevnik. Rasskazy. Olivkovyj sad* [The Grasse Diary. Stories. Olive Orchard]. Moscow, Moscovskiy rabochiy Publ., 1995, 410 p.
- 16. Ledenev, A.V. *Stilevaya partitura chuvstv: "buninskie uroki" v prose G. Kuznetsovoj* [Style score of feelings: "Bunin's lessons" in G. Kuznetsova' prose]. L.A. Kudryavtseva (ed.). *Rusistika: sbornik nauchnyh trudov* [Russian Studies: Collection of research papers]. Kiev, Kiev Shevchenko National University Publ., 2008, vol. 8, pp. 68-72.
- 17. Medarich, M. *Avtobiografija / Avtobiografizm* [Autobiography / Autobiographizm]. A.B. Muratova, L.A. lyezuitova (ed.). *Avtointerpretacija: sbornik statey* [Autointerpretation: Collection of research articles]. Saint-Petersburg, "SPbGU" Publ., 1998, pp. 5-32.

Одержано 17.12.2019.